

# Living Library Discussion Guide – IAO Treaty

## Speakers

## Educator Guide for Grade 7 History

### Pre-Activity – Treaty Timeline

In this pre-activity students will develop an understanding of what Treaties are by using a Frayer Model to guide a group discussion. After viewing a video on treaties in Canada, students will participate in a class discussion around this question: *Do you think that the Canadian government has lived up to its Treaty agreements?* Students will then investigate some of the early nation to nation treaties from pre-Confederation Canada.

### Learning Goals/Success Criteria

We are learning to use the concept of **Historical Significance** as we learn about early nation to nation treaties from pre-Confederation Canada.

#### Success Criteria:

- I can determine the importance of people, events/developments or ideas using credible primary and secondary sources as evidence;
- I can explain how various people, events/developments or ideas help us understand the past and present.

We are learning to gather and organize data, evidence, and information as a focus for historical inquiry.

#### Success Criteria:

- I can collect relevant information from a variety of primary and secondary sources;
- I can organize information from sources using a variety of graphic organizers.

We are learning to interpret and analyse data, evidence and information as a focus for historical inquiry

#### Success Criteria:

- I can identify the key points or ideas in an issue;
- I can use different types of graphic organizers to help me interpret and analyse my evidence, data and /or information.

### Learning Skills and Global Competencies

**Collaboration:** responds positively to the ideas, opinions and values and traditions of others.

*Ask yourself:* Did I respond in a good way to other people's ideas and suggestions?

**Independent Work:** uses class time appropriately to complete task; independently monitors, assesses and revises plans to complete tasks and meet goals.

*Ask yourself:* Did I feel rushed to complete this task? Did I have enough time to read over my work before I shared it with the class?

## **Expectations:**

### **Overall Expectations:**

- A2. Inquiry:** use the historical inquiry process to investigate perspectives of different groups and communities, including First Nations, Métis, and/or Inuit communities, on some significant events, developments, and/or issues related to the shift in power in colonial Canada from France to Britain (FOCUS ON: *Historical Significance; Historical Perspective*)
- A3. Understanding Historical Context:** describe various significant people, events, and developments, including treaties, in Canada between 1713 and 1800, and explain their impact (FOCUS ON: *Historical Significance; Cause and Consequence*)

### **Specific Expectations:**

- A2.2** gather and organize information and evidence about perspectives of different groups and communities, including First Nations, Métis, and/or Inuit communities, on some significant events, developments, and/or issues related to the shift in power in colonial Canada from France to Britain, using a variety of primary sources
- A2.5** interpret and analyse information and evidence relevant to their investigations, using a variety of tools
- A3.2** identify a few key treaties of relevance to Indigenous people during this period, including wampum belts exchanged, and explain the significance of some of these agreements for different people and communities in Canada

## **Minds on: What is a treaty?**

### **Treaty - Frayer Model**

In groups students will use a Frayer Model graphic organizer to build their understanding of the word treaty. If this is the first time an educator is introducing a

Framer Model then this activity should be done with the whole class to model how to use a Framer Model.

- The word Treaty goes in the centre.
- Characteristics – What are the key features that a treaty would have?
- Definitions – A student friendly description of what a treaty is.
- Examples – What are some concrete examples of treaties that you know of?
- Non-examples – These are things that are opposite to the term treaty, things that do not fit the characteristics of a treaty listed above.

### **Gallery Walk**

In this gallery walk students take the time to read other group's Treaty - Framer Model in order to use what they have read to add or change their own groups Treaty-Framer Model.

### **Action: Treaty Timeline**

#### **Whole Class:**

Watch this video on treaties from [Kairos Canada](#). In this video Elder Tax Bouchier speaks about Treaties in Canada. "The original treaties were intended to build a common relationship between two sovereign nations, and to create a relationship where you worked in harmony and consulted with each other on what would work best for all nations."

#### **Class Discussion:**

Lead a class discussion on this question: *Do you think that the Canadian government has lived up to its Treaty agreements?*

Make sure you tell students that they will be answering this question again once they have done some research and listened to a guest speaker who will be speaking on Treaties.

#### **Group Work:**

In groups students will investigate one set of treaties that are listed on the timeline below. Groups will organize their information on a 5W 1H Graphic Organizer.

<b>Treaty</b>	<b>Time Period</b>
Treaties of Peace and Neutrality	1701-1760
Peace and Friendship Treaties	1725-1779
Royal Proclamation and the Treaty of Niagara	1763 and 1764
Upper Canada Land Surrenders	1781- 1862

Information for these treaties can be found at the following websites:

- Indigenous and Northern Affairs Canada website:
  - [Summaries of Pre-1975 Treaties](#)
  - [250th Anniversary of the Royal Proclamation of 1763](#)
- For the actual text of the treaties students can go to this specific page - [Treaty Text](#)

### **Consolidation: Share Back**

Once all groups have completed their 5W 1H Graphic Organizer students will participate in a share back, this can be done either in new groups or back to the whole class.

## Speaker Activity – Question Prompts for Students

In this activity students will have the opportunity to hear a guest speaker discuss the importance of treaties. Upon the completion of and/or during the presentation, students should be processing the information being discussed and should be thinking about questions to reflect upon and/or pose when the opportunity arises.

### Expectations:

#### Overall Expectations:

**A2. Inquiry:** use the historical inquiry process to investigate perspectives of different groups and communities, including First Nations, Métis, and/or Inuit communities, on some significant events, developments, and/or issues related to the shift in power in colonial Canada from France to Britain (FOCUS ON: *Historical Significance; Historical Perspective*)

#### Specific Expectations:

**A2.1** formulate questions to guide investigations into perspectives of different groups and communities, including First Nations, Métis, and/or Inuit communities, on some significant events, developments, and/or issues related to the shift in power in colonial Canada from France to Britain

### Minds on:

Students will have the opportunity to create a list of questions pertaining to treaties and land claims. This brainstorm can be done in small groups, or as a class. Some of these questions might include:

- What treaties cover the area I live in?
- What rights and responsibilities are detailed in the treaty that covers my area?
- Are there any land claims in my area?
- As an individual what are my treaty responsibilities?
- What actions can I take to ensure I am upholding my treaty responsibilities?
- What role does the government play as treaty signatories and in land claims?
- How can I create awareness of treaties and/or land claims in my area?

### Action:

Speaker will present for 30-60min on the topic of treaties and land claims.

### Consolidation:

During the presentation students should be actively listening to the speaker and reflecting on the information being presented. When the presentation is complete students will have the opportunity to pose questions. Please refer to the Minds on activity (detailed above) for a list of potential questions that students might pose.

## Post-Activity – Persuasive Paragraph

In this post-activity students will use the concept of Historical Significance when they write a persuasive paragraph answering the focus question: *Do you think that the Canadian government has lived up to its Treaty agreements?* Students will use the 4C Graphic Organiser to jot down the ideas that support their opinion. Students will use the information they learned in the pre-activity and from the guest speaker to support their ideas.

### Learning Goals/Success Criteria

We are learning to apply **Historical Significance** as we write a persuasive paragraph on the Canadian government and Treaty agreements.

#### Success Criteria:

- I can determine the importance of people, events/developments or ideas using credible primary and secondary sources as evidence
- I can explain how various people, events/developments or ideas help us understand the past and present
- I can assess the impact of people, events/developments or ideas in the past and on the present
- I can evaluate how the importance of people, events/developments or ideas may shift for various people and over time

We are learning to gather and organize data, evidence, and information as a focus for historical inquiry.

#### Success Criteria:

- I can collect relevant information from a variety of primary and secondary sources;
- I can organize information from sources using a variety of graphic organizers.

We are learning to interpret and analyse data, evidence and information as a focus for historical inquiry

#### Success Criteria:

- I can identify the key points or ideas in an issue;
- I can use different types of graphic organizers to help me interpret and analyse my evidence, data and /or information.

We are learning to evaluate and synthesize information and evidence to make judgements and conclusions

#### Success Criteria:

- I can make a decision about an issue and defend it with logical arguments
- I can support my opinions with data, evidence and/or information
- I can make predictions based on my data, evidence and/or information

We are learning to communicate judgements, decisions, conclusions and action plans clearly and logically

**Success Criteria:**

- I can sequence my ideas to build an argument, plan of action or judgement
- I can use Historical terms and concepts correctly and effectively

**Learning Skills and Global Competencies**

**Collaboration:** responds positively to the ideas, opinions and values and traditions of others.

*Ask yourself:* Did I respond in a good way to other people's ideas and suggestions?

**Independent Work:** uses class time appropriately to complete task; independently monitors, assesses and revises plans to complete tasks and meet goals.

*Ask yourself:* Did I feel rushed to complete this task? Did I have enough time to read over my work before I submitted it?

**Expectations:**

**Overall Expectations:**

- A2. Inquiry:** use the historical inquiry process to investigate perspectives of different groups and communities, including First Nations, Métis, and/or Inuit communities, on some significant events, developments, and/or issues related to the shift in power in colonial Canada from France to Britain (FOCUS ON: *Historical Significance; Historical Perspective*)
- A3. Understanding Historical Context:** describe various significant people, events, and developments, including treaties, in Canada between 1713 and 1800, and explain their impact (FOCUS ON: *Historical Significance; Cause and Consequence*)

**Specific Expectations:**

- A2.2** gather and organize information and evidence about perspectives of different groups and communities, including First Nations, Métis, and/or Inuit communities, on some significant events, developments, and/or issues related to the shift in power in colonial Canada from France to Britain, using a variety of primary sources
- A2.5** interpret and analyse information and evidence relevant to their investigations, using a variety of tools

- A2.6** evaluate evidence and draw conclusions about perspectives of different groups and communities, including First Nation, Métis, and/or Inuit communities, on some significant events, developments, or issues related to the shift in power in colonial Canada from France to Britain
- A2.7** communicate the results of their inquiries using appropriate vocabulary and formats appropriate for specific audiences
- A3.2** identify a few key treaties of relevance to Indigenous people during this period, including wampum belts exchanged, and explain the significance of some of these agreements for different people and communities in Canada

## **Minds On:**

### **Collaborative Brainstorming**

After the students have listened to the speaker they will work in small groups to brainstorm some of the key ideas and points they heard. This is a good activity to show how it is important to listen to what other people heard during a presentation. It means that as a group a bigger picture of the presentation is recorded.

After all groups have had time to brainstorm allow time for all students to walk around the room and read the collaborative brainstorms. Students may then choose to add more detail to their own groups brainstorm sheet. Keep all sheets posted around the room so students have the ability to refer to them when they begin to plan a course of action.

## **Action: Persuasive Writing**

### **Class Discussion**

1. What have we learned about Treaties?  
Have a class discussion that answers this question and allow students to reflect back on their learning from the pre-activity as well as on what they heard from the speaker.
2. Do you think that the Canadian government has lived up to its Treaty agreements?  
This is the same question they discussed in the Pre-Activity. Now you are asking them to use the information they have gathered from the pre-activity as well as from the guest speaker to support their answers. Make sure that students know that they will be writing their own persuasive paragraph answering this question.

### **Writing a Persuasive Paragraph – Using the 4C's**

Students will write a persuasive paragraph that presents their opinion on this question:  
*Do you think that the Canadian government has lived up to its Treaty agreements?*

They will use the information they have learned in class as well as from the guest speaker to support their opinion.

Students will use a 4C Graphic Organizer, see Appendix A, to jot down their ideas for the paragraph. If this is the first time students have written a persuasive paragraph you may want them to just fill out the organizer so that you can provide them with feedback. If they have written persuasive paragraphs and used the 4C Graphic Organizer before you can ask for both the paragraph and the organizer.

**Consolidation:**

Students will hand in their persuasive paragraph or the 4C Graphic Organizer. If this is the first time students have used this form of writing please provide them with feedback on how they used information to support their ideas.